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No. 7,476] ALEXANDRIA, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 25, 1906 [EIGHT PAGES P.T. 1.

British India S.N. Company, Limited.

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Alexandria-Brindisi-Venice-Trieste.

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First African Line.

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Departures from Port Said.

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## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Brindisi Mail.  
The Brindisi mail will be distributed at the G. P. O., Alexandria, at 4.45 p.m. to-day.

Legislative Council.  
The Legislative Council met this morning to discuss the Government proposals re the monopoly of wireless telegraphy.

Alexandria Archaeological Society.  
We are asked to state that the tramcars will stop to-morrow between 4 and 6 p.m. at the Eastern Necropolis of Chatby.

Alhambra Theatre.  
A new revue by M. Henri Yau, entitled *En Comment l'en 2000* was produced at the Alhambra last night with considerable success before an audience which filled every part of the house.

A Foundling.  
Yesterday afternoon an Alexandrian police man found a baby lying in a yard at Harat el-Wassiah. There was not the slightest trace of its parentage. It has been sent to the Government Hospital.

Connaught House.  
On Friday next, at Connaught House, Y. M. C. A., Cairo, Rev. W. H. J. Gairdner, B. A., will deliver a lecture on "The Growth of Hellenic Influence throughout the World." The lecture will commence at 5 p.m.

Anglo-Egyptian Trade Development.  
We are requested to state that British subjects or natives desirous of financial interest in the development of various British industries in Egypt and the Sudan, should communicate in the first instance with Mr. J. L. Roberts (of Birmingham), Carlton Hotel, Bulkeley.

Alexandria Tramways.  
The new members of the board of the Alexandria Tramway Company, whose names will be proposed at the forthcoming general meeting at Brussels on the 2nd proximo, are Baron Jacques de Menasse, Mr. Emin Karam, Mr. P. Glymenopoulos, and Baron de Kussel Bey, general manager of the Egyptian Trust and Investment.

Black Diamond Minstrels.  
In our report of the performance of the Black Diamond Minstrels yesterday, we inadvertently omitted to state that the arduous post of interloper was very ably filled by Mr. J. Purvis, and that "Bones Jr." and "Tambo Jr." were made the most of by Messrs. Rimmer and Sampson. The former scored a hit by his singing of "Mike! Mike! Mike!"

Murder at Mariout.  
During the course of a quarrel among some Bedouins at Mariout on Monday over the ownership of some corn, one of the men shot another, killing him on the spot. The police were informed of the occurrence and, following up the clues given them, discovered the murderer hiding in a tent. He was arrested in company with two others implicated in the crime, and his gun, a double-barrelled one, was found in a neighbouring ditch.

A Sensational Robbery.  
A number of more or less sensational statements have been made about a robbery at the offices of the "Société Commerciale" in Cherif Pacha-street at Alexandria. All that is certainly known is that £2,000 have disappeared. On Monday night last at 10 o'clock the manager was summoned to the office and found the cashier in a faint with a knife at his feet. He had some slight wounds on his body. When he came to he said he was putting £2,000 in the safe when two persons, a European and a native, rushed at him and threatened to kill him. He then fainted. The cashier is in hospital.

## WAR OFFICE GAZETTE.

H. H. the Khedive has been most graciously pleased to confer the following decorations on the undermentioned officers for their good services in connection with the recent operations against the Nyam Nyam tribes:—

3RD CLASS OSMAN:  
El Miralai W. A. Boulnois Bey (since deceased), Commanding.

3RD CLASS MEJIDIA:  
El Kaimakam (now Local Miralai) A. Sutherland Bey, Commanding the Eastern Column.  
El Kaimakam H. L. H. Fell Bey, (since deceased), Intelligence Officer.

4TH CLASS OSMANIA:  
El Kaimakam H. A. Bray Bey Principal Medical Officer.  
El Kaimakam B. C. M. Carter Bey, Commanding 9th Sudanese.  
El Kaimakam H. Gordon Bey, Commanding 10th Sudanese.

4TH CLASS MEJIDIA:  
El Bimbashi (now Local Kaimakam) A. J. B. Percival, D.S.O., Camel Corps.  
El Bimbashi (now Kaimakam) R. I. Rawson, Staff Officer.

His Highness has been most graciously pleased to confer the decoration of the 4th Class Mejdidi on El Bimbashi (now Kaimakam) R. M. Feilden, Sudan Government for good services rendered at Wau in connection with the preparations for the Nyam Nyam Expedition.

The following transfer and appointments have been approved from dates stated:—  
El Bimbashi R. J. P. Cox, 3rd Battalion, to 13th Sudanese, 1.4.06.  
El Bimbashi A. E. J. Wilson, 13th Sudanese, to be Staff Officer, Khartoum District, (acting), 1.4.06.

## ENGLAND IN EGYPT.

## PROUD OF HER WORK.

## NO MEDDLING TO BE ALLOWED.

(Gazette's Special Service)

LONDON, Wednesday.

The "Times" to-day in a leading article dealing with Turkish affairs, says that the British nation is exceedingly proud of the great work it has done, and is doing, in Egypt, and will not allow anybody to meddle with that work or to mar it.

## THE PRINCES' CASE.

This morning, the Princes' case came before the Mixed Court, Cairo. The morning was taken up by the pleadings of Maître Villa, who commenced his speech at 9.45. We have not time to reproduce the arguments of the distinguished counsel, but we may say that in the first part of his speech the brilliant advocate maintained that the claim of the Princes was justified on the ground of equity. He defended Ismail Pacha, on the ground of seizing land that was not his own, by pointing out that whatever moral objection might be raised against his course of action, he was as an absolute sovereign entitled to this. His conduct was also dictated by prudence. The lands he took were guarantees of the payment of the debts of the State. Further, in dealing with the resignation of their claims by the Princes in 1889, Maître Villa pointed out that the owner of the ship who abandons his vessel, makes a formal statement of abandonment, and draws the insurance, has a right, if the derelict be recovered, to any sum over and above the insurance money accruing from her sale.

At the time our correspondent telephoned Maître Villa was still addressing the Court.

## 300 BEDOUINS KILLED.

The Syrian papers report a serious battle as having taken place in the Hauran between the Bedouins and Druses. It lasted four days and 300 Bedouins and 400 Druses were killed. But the latter gained the day and drove the Bedouins from their position. It is expected that a state of complete anarchy will soon prevail owing to the hostility between the Druses and the Bedouins since the departure of Nazim Pacha, the late Vali of Syria.

## TENANTS' COMMISSION.

Mustapha Pacha Ibad, Governor of Alexandria, received a deputation of the members of the Tenants' Commission at the Governorat on Sunday last. His Excellency declared that he was gratified to receive the visit of such an important body as the Tenants' Commission, for that their object in endeavouring to bring about the erection of suitable dwellings for the poorer classes was a noble and humanitarian one and that they deserved the gratitude of their fellow-citizens. Cavaliere Ronci, chairman of the commission, thanked the Governor for his gracious reception, and in bidding them farewell his Excellency remarked that they would always have his assistance and sympathy.

## COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL LAND COMPANY OF EGYPT, LIMITED.

In the course of next week there will be launched a great engineering and commercial combine under the name of the Commercial, Industrial Land Company of Egypt, Limited. The capital of the company is £300,000, divided into 955,000 ordinary shares and 6,000 deferred shares. The object of the company is the purchase of the businesses of several well-known and long-established firms. The London board consists of Sir Richard Carnac Temple, Bart., Colonel Harington Bey, Mr. Attwood, and Mr. Sinclair. The bankers are the Bank of Egypt, and the brokers Messrs. Lezenby Bros. and Plaine of London and Mr. Gaston J. Weiss of Cairo. The excellent options which the Company possesses are not only valuable in regard to the businesses themselves but also owing to the land included therein, and two local advisers of the company have shown their confidence in the success of this undertaking by underwriting £50,000 of the present issue.

## THE SUCRERIES.

In our issue of the 21st inst., in a paragraph on the Sucerries, we gave the name of Mr. Nau as one of the directors who is to be prosecuted. This should have been Bunis. Assuming any one to have taken the name of Nau for Nau, in no case could Mr. Nau have been prosecuted as he only was appointed delegué du Conseil d'Administration and called to the siege social in Cairo after the suicide of M. Cronier.

## THE PLAGUE.

Four cases and 6 deaths in hospital were reported from Deehna yesterday and 6 cases and 4 deaths in hospital occurred on the same date at Samalout.

## NEW KHEDIVIAL HOTEL, CAIRO.

Built in 1904. Modern House. Splendid situation. Electric Light Lift. Pension £7.50. All arrangements for families. Rooms and Breakfast P.T. 25. — Meala in Carta 3070-32-11-000

## THE FRONTIER DISPUTE.

## THE PORTE GIVES UNFAVOURABLE REPLY.

The Sublime Porte has returned an unfavourable reply to the representations of the Khedivial Government on the subject of the frontier dispute. The question will now be discussed by the British and Ottoman Governments.

"Al Lewa" publishes along article from the pen of Mustapha Pacha Kamel in which the whole history of the dispute is given. The Editor of "Al Lewa," of course, supports the Porte's contentions with the utmost vigour.

"Al Mokattam" blames Ghazi Mukhtar Pacha for furnishing the Nationalist Press with details of the progress of the negotiations and concludes by the statement that England will not permit the route to the Indies to be menaced by Turkey.

## THE EGYPTIAN PRINCE.

The S.S. Egyptian Prince is still aground off Malta.

The agents of the Prince Line in Alexandria have received no definite information as to the extent of the damage to the ship's cargo, but a cable received by them this morning presumes the damage to be confined to the two lower tiers of cargo in No. 2 and 3 holds.

## ALEXANDRIA'S MEAT SUPPLY.

One of the most pressing economical problems of the day, next to the great rise in house rents, is the increase in the price of meat. In the case of the latter there appears to be a remedy, for the increase is not the result of a necessary appreciation in value, as is seen by the extraordinary disproportion between the prices prevailing at the Mex slaughterhouse and those charged by the retail butchers.

According to the interesting report of Piot Bey, chief of the Alexandria Municipal Veterinary Service, the prices for meat at the slaughterhouse were as follows: prime quality, P.T. 6 and very seldom P.T. 7; second quality, P.T. 4 to P.T. 6 generally; third quality, P.T. 3 to P.T. 4. Among the retailers these prices were: prime quality, P.T. 10 to 12; second quality, P.T. 8 to 10; third quality, P.T. 5 to 6.

Thus it is the middleman who benefits by the dearth of the meat. The producer is obliged to let his cattle go at a sacrifice very often owing to the very high rate of mortality prevailing in the quarantine parks at certain epochs. The prevalence of contagious maladies among the cattle forces the importers to send their beasts to the abattoirs in order to get rid of them as quickly as possible and thus the middleman steps in and reaps enormous profits.

Piot Bey suggests that the importers should be considered by allowing them to preserve their very perishable products as long as possible, and that for this purpose a frigorific apparatus should be set up at Mex, as is the case in almost all European cities. Thereby the wholesale dealers would preserve their meat and the middleman, fearing direct competition from this quarter, would be unable to keep up the ridiculous differences between his buying and selling prices.

## BAKERS' STRIKE AT ALEXANDRIA.

Strikes are becoming a permanent feature of Egyptian life and this morning's development is the strike of the bakers' men of Alexandria, four hundred of whom assembled at a coffee-house in Saleh-ad-Din-street and declared that they would not go on with their labours unless they had more pay and less work. Of these bakers 300 are Greeks 60 are natives and the balance is made up of various nationalities. Their head-man is a Greek of the name of Alexander Kapsalis, who is chairman of the Alexandria Bakersmen Association. He and a number of his followers went to the Alexandria Governorat this morning and set before the Governor their grievances. His Excellency undertook to see the master-bakers so as to put an end to the strike. The strikers are pursuing an active propaganda and expect to obtain a thousand employees of bakers to join with them until their demands are satisfied.

## THE CAIRO GERMAN CHURCH.

As we announced yesterday week, an offer of £119,000 has been made for the purchase of the ground on which the German Church and School at Cairo stand. Very strong opposition has been raised by the members of the community to the sale of the entire estate, because it is considered that the site is sanctified by religious associations, inasmuch as it has been for so many years the centre of Lutheranism in the Capital of Egypt. Moreover, it is doubted whether the German Government would permit the sale, for the church was officially consecrated by the late Emperor Frederick, when he came to Egypt as Crown Prince of Prussia to assist at the opening ceremony of the Suez Canal.

However, it is possible that a compromise will be come to by leaving the church intact and by selling only that part of the land on which the school is, provided that a suitable spot for another such school can be found. As there is a certain need for housing the school in a better building, it is thought that it would not be a bad bargain to get rid of the present site and to build a better school on a new site.

## GHAZI MUKHTAR PACHA.

## THE MAN OF THE HOUR.

A personality upon whom the Argus eyes of politics rest with more than usual concentration at the present trying moment is that of his Excellency Ghazi Ahmed Mukhtar Pacha, Imperial High Commissioner in Egypt. It is no light task which this relations between Yildiz and Cairo have set before him,—relations that call for consummate skill. The gallant defender of Kara whose name will ever shine conspicuously on the roll of the illustrious of Turkey is no less an able strategist upon the more complicated battlefield of diplomacy.

Qualities such as these are just what are needed at this moment in the history of Turco-Egyptian relations and will be of great service in helping the Sultan out of the impasse. His Excellency has been in Egypt for a quarter of a century, and so has witnessed the several stages of Egyptian Renaissance. He is therefore the best man that Yildiz has to safeguard her interests and dignity, and under these circumstances it would be a just retribution for studied neglect and ill favour were his Excellency to retire now from the field. But he has too much of that old-world spirit of loyalty—a spiritualism which is no more in Stamboul—to entertain such an intention.

The Brütalis have always been noted for fervid fealty to the Ottoman Throne, and, a native of that former capital of the Empire, his Excellency is not the exception that proves this rule. All along he has served his Sovereign well, and even at this eleventh hour his influence on Turkish policy in Egypt has not waned despite the lapse of years and advanced age. Quite recently his Excellency had to perform a disagreeable duty. It was to throw down the gauntlet to the British Government, but he accomplished the task with grace and fine sentiment, traits of a charming presence that are appreciated by all who enjoy the pleasure of his acquaintance, and who are entertained with true Oriental hospitality and courtesy.

The present is also a critical one for his Excellency himself, in that it holds forth an opportunity to restore himself—if he should be so minded—in the good graces of Yildiz which pursuant to its present policy of ignoring good servants, regards the Ghazi with no favourable eye. So strong is this antipathy, and it is an antipathy which has been fostered by rivals at the Star Kiosque, that more than once the confiscation of his property in Stamboul, which is considerable, has been threatened, and the writ of seizure has included the palace which his Excellency owns on the Mahmoudieh Canal. This handsome edifice, standing on ten feddans of well timbered land, was originally presented to the Sublime Porte by the Khedivial Government, soon after the new order of things, on payment of a nominal fee of L.E. 10,000. Although in an apparent state of neglect, the property, owing to the recent advance in the value of land, is estimated to be worth ten-fold. His Excellency has been frequently advised by friends to dispose of the palace, and so forestall the Sultan.

The threat of confiscation is not the only indignity to which his Excellency has been subjected. Arrears of salary must be also added to a long inventory of difficulties, and the method of payment to a co-lateral one of ignominy. For instance, when the scheme of the Hedjaz Railway was mooted, Izet Pacha hit upon one of those pet ideas of his in order to meet this ever-present evil, that of paying salaries, namely, by instituting a lottery. Poor Mukhtar received, we believe, ten thousand of these tickets in lieu of *ailik*!

It is doubtful what sort of a reception Mukhtar would receive if ever he returned to Stamboul, which he has not seen for so many years. Possibly no very pleasant one, notwithstanding that he has always been a staunch adherent of the Moderate Party, whose watchword is "Pro Statu Quo" regarding Egyptian politics.

Such is the man who now stands as arbitrator between Turkey and Egypt as to the order of precedence in Sinai.

## THE NEW QUAY LAND.

"When will the Government learn to leave the management of the local pump to the parish beadle?" Mr. Rhodes once remarked, and the same sentiments prevailed yesterday at the Alexandria Municipality, when the long-expected letter from the Ministry of the Interior was received on the subject of the new quay estate. The Ministry has treated the opinion of the Municipality on the subject as a "quantité négligeable" and prefers to set aside the results of the long deliberations of the Public Works committee of the Municipality in favour of the schemes of the inspector of the Towns and State Building Department. The situation will be an interesting one, especially if the members of the Municipality have some idea of the dignity of their position.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Moss liner Menepthah sailed from Malta yesterday at noon and is due here on Saturday next at daybreak with passengers, mails, and general cargo.

The Ellerman S.S. Bosnian arrived at Liverpool on the 21st inst.  
The Ellerman S.S. City of Cambridge sailed hence yesterday for Liverpool direct with passengers and a general cargo, including 791 bales of cotton and 38,778 bags of onions.

## KHEDIVIAL LEVEE.

## ORDER OF RECEPTION.

On the occasion of his departure from Cairo for Alexandria, H. H. the Khedive will hold a reception at Abdeen Palace on Saturday next, 28th inst., when visitors will be received in the following order:—

At 8.30 a.m.—The Ulema; the General Assembly and the Legislative Council; the Governor of Cairo and the Moudir of Ghizeh; naval and military officers of the rank of Bimbashi and upwards.

At 9 a.m.—The officials of the following Administrations: Offices of the Council of Ministers; Ministry of the Interior; Sanitary Administration; Prisons Administration; Repression of Slave Trade Department; Governorat of Cairo; Moudirah of Ghizeh; Finance Ministry; Postal Administration; Coast Guard Service; Public Debt Commission; State Domains Administration; Administration of Railways and Telegraphs; Public Works Ministry; Ministry of Justice; Ministry of Public Instruction; Ministry of War; Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Wakfs Administration.

At 9.30 a.m.—T. H. the Princes of the Khedivial Family; the President of the Council of Ministers and the Ministers; the Advisers; the Under Secretaries of State.

At 10 a.m.—The former Presidents of the Council of Ministers, Ministers, Sardars, Grand Masters of Ceremonies, Chiefs of the Khedivial Cabinet, Chief Aides-de-Camp, Directors of the Khedivial Khassas, Directors General of Wakfs, Under Secretaries of State, Directors General of the Daira Sanieh, Domains Administrators, and Administrators of the Railways and Telegraphs, unofficial civil and military personages having the rank of Lewa or Oluf Sinf Sani and upwards; officers of the Navy and Army on pension or on the retired list, of the rank of Kaimakam or Miralai; civil Beys not in office, of the rank of Moutamaiz and Sanieh.

At 10.30 a.m.—The Diplomatic and Consular Corps.

At 10.45 a.m.—The Public Debt Commissioners; the Administrators of State Domains.

At 11.15 a.m.—The field officers of the Army of Occupation; the Clergy; the Mixed Magistracy; the Native Magistracy.

At 11.45 a.m.—The Khedivial Counsellors; native notables and merchants; European notables and merchants.

This reception is reserved to persons resident in Cairo.

The military will be in undress uniform and civilians in frock coats (redingotes).

The civil officials to be admitted to this reception are those holding, at least, the rank of sub-director or an equivalent rank, and those holding, at least, the grade of Sanieh or Kaimakam (military) and magistrates appointed by decree.

H. H. the Khedivah will also hold a reception at Koubbeh Palace on Saturday, when she will receive as follows:—

From 9 to 11.30 a.m.—The Princesses of the Khedivial Family and native ladies.

From 4 to 5 p.m.—European ladies.

At 5 p.m.—The wives of members of the Corps Diplomatique.

## VICTORIA DEACONESSES' HOSPITAL.

The report of the committee of the Victoria Deaconesses' Hospital, Cairo, for 1905 states that the completion of the construction of the 2nd storey of the hospital has occasioned further expenditure, and the necessary funds have been procured from the Bank by appropriation of the personal guarantee which some of the members of the committee had given.

Several donations towards the cost of the new building have been made during the year and they are duly acknowledged in the treasurer's report. They heartily thank these generous donors, but venture to point out that the hospital is still in need of financial help and any gift, however small, will be gratefully accepted. It is with satisfaction that the committee report that the new building comes up entirely to expectations and fully attains the various objects they had in view in constructing it. The well-lighted and well-ventilated rooms are always full of 1st and 2nd class patients; the new operating rooms are perfectly satisfactory; the hydraulic lift is found useful and works well; the sisters have now healthy and adequate accommodation reserved for their private use. Besides the district visiting sister, who does not reside on the premises, the management of the Deaconesses have added an extra sister, making the twelfth, to the permanent staff of the hospital to meet its ever-increasing requirements.

From the 1st January to the 31st December, 1905, 993 patients were treated in the hospital, viz., 695 men, 221 women, 77 children. These figures include 66 patients remaining over from 1904 and also 26 women who accompanied patients but were not themselves ill. The above 993 patients were under treatment during a total of 21,126 days, showing that on an average 58 beds were occupied per day. The distribution of the patients in the three classes was as follows: 76 1st class; 263 2nd class; 649 3rd class.

Of the patients treated in the hospital: 598 left cured, 157 improved, 76 were not cured, 71 died, 26 were persons who accompanied patients, and 65 remained on 1st January 1906. The 71 deaths included 51 men, 13 women, and 7 children.

In the Victoria Jubilee Ward for contagious diseases 16 patients were treated. In the out patients' ward 1,903 persons were treated and 164 operations were performed by Doctors Marison (assisted by Dr. Hayward), Pfister, and Hildebrandt.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Sheikh Ahmed Abd el Khalek el Saddat, who died on Monday evening, was one of the principal native notables of Egypt, and one of the "ashraf" who claimed descent from the Prophet. The deceased sheikh is chiefly known among Europeans as the father of the Lady Safieh, whose marriage with Sheikh Ali Youssef, Editor of the "Moayad," caused some discussion a couple of years ago. The Sheikh El Saddat opposed the marriage with the utmost vigour, and the case, when brought before the Mekameh Sharieh, gave the guidance of Cairo opportunities for endless discussion.

The Sheikh's funeral took place to-day before a great number of natives, many notables among them.

The late Sheikh el Saddat was the last male representative of the Wafaris, a family whose history goes back nearly 700 years. For centuries past the house of the Wafaris has been connected with the history of Egypt and of them the Sultan Selim said, "They are men to whom kings are simple equals."

The late Felix Suarez left three million francs for each of his three sons, Leon, André, and Gastave, three millions for his wife, two millions apiece for each of his five daughters, or a total of 22,000,000 francs.

His will also contains a number of bequests to various charities and to his employees. Altogether he left about a million sterling.

The names of Mr. and Mrs. Parseer, who gave a silver bowl, were inadvertently left out in the list of presents at the Gordon-Barker wedding, which we published yesterday.

Leave of absence, on private affairs, has been granted to the following Egyptian Army officers:—El Kaimakam Wilson Bey, Assistant Secretary, Sudan Government; El Bimbashi Grahame, D.S.O., Senior Inspector, Senar Province; El Bimbashi Heath, D.S.O., Camel Corps; El Bimbashi Comya, Junior Inspector, Bahr el Ghazal Province; El Bimbashi Whittingham, Camel Corps.

## EGYPT'S NEIGHBOUR.

## EXCITEMENT IN TRIPOLI.

Writing from Tripoli on the 4th inst. the correspondent of the "Evening Standard" remarks:—

Considerable excitement has been aroused here, both in Turkish and European circles, by the news that a large political and scientific mission is to arrive very shortly from Germany, having obtained permission to traverse the whole of Tripoli. They will endeavour to effect a passage through the desert as far as Lake Chad to the confines of German territory.

Tripoli at the present moment is a hotbed of European intrigues. Italy is seeking a concession to construct a much-needed harbour. Germany, not having met with all the success she hoped for at Algieras, has turned her attention to this country, where she is daily gaining influence. Indeed, there are rumours of a personal visit from the Emperor William. Great Britain is the most popular of the European Powers, but, as usual, remains inactive, and probably, as in Morocco, will not realise the importance of the interests at stake until it is too late.

Italian influence is jealously regarded by the Turks, who are disliked by the Arabs, notwithstanding the similarity of religion.

Turkey, in order to maintain her influence over the Mohamedan tribes of the interior of Africa, is determined at all costs to retain Tripoli, and prevent it from becoming a second Morocco, or from passing into the hands of a European Power.

## PROGRESS IN EGYPT.

There is one passage in Sir Anokland Colvin's new book "The English in Egypt," which we omitted to quote in our review of the work, but which is more deserving of quotation than any other passage, for it contains some really profound remarks on the dangers which beset European bureaucracies in the East. In discussing the question of reforms, Sir Anokland remarks that "it may be questioned whether any useful end is to be attained by pushing on to a perfection of administration far above and beyond the expectations or desires of the community interested. We must be careful not to confound the public interests with the interests of State administrators. There is a point at which the community may reasonably rest satisfied, while the public servant is still impatient to achieve results. Finally, the faster administrative progress is hastened under foreign rule, the less likely are the people of the country to be much associated with its growth or development. The gulf between the foreigner and the native is thus widened, and there grows up gradually a detached, if highly efficient, task, which from its almost exclusive control over the wheels of State progress seems rather to retard than to assist the efforts of popular endeavour."

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Private Lessons, Residence Lessons, taught by Native Masters.  
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TRIAL LESSON FREE.



## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

## THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

## AUSTRIAN SUPPORT OF GERMANY.

## ITALO-GERMAN RELATIONS.

VIENNA, April 24.

The "Fremdenblatt," the official organ of the Austrian Foreign Office, warmly repudiates the idea that the Emperor William's telegram to Count Goluchowsky is humiliating to Austria: Austria's support of Germany is only natural. (Reuter)

BERLIN, April 24.

The President of the Reichstag cordially (1) referred to the Vesuvian and San Francisco disasters, alluding to the sympathetic feeling specially uniting Germany and Italy. (Reuter)

ROME, April 24.

Count Guicciardini, Minister for Foreign Affairs, stated in the Senate that Italy at Algiers was conciliatory. The Triple Alliance was not in any way weakened; it remained the basis of their policy, but it did not prevent close friendship with England, nor the entente with France. (Havas)

## FRENCH STRIKES.

## ALARMING RUMOURS CURRENT.

PARIS, April 24.

The strikes in the north of France are extending to other parts of the country, including Paris, where alarming rumours are current; there are apprehensions of disturbances on May-day. (Reuter)

## SITUATION AT SAN FRANCISCO.

## ANOTHER EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.

Rain is deadening the fires, but terribly increasing the misery of thousands who are sleeping in the open. The burned area extends over one and three quarters of a mile by three and a half. (Reuter)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.

A sharp, harmless earthquake took place here at 10.30 yesterday evening. (Reuter)

## THE RUSSIAN DUMA.

## TO BE OPENED BY THE TSAR.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.

The Tsar will open the Duma on the 10th of May in full state. (Reuter)

## RUSSIAN LOAN.

LONDON, April 24.

The Russian five per cent. loan, amounting to £89,325,000, has been issued at 89: the English share, amounting to 13,101,000, will be issued through Baring Bros. and Co. (R.)

## BRITISH GARRISON IN EGYPT.

## THE PROPOSED INCREASE.

LONDON, April 24.

The estimates for the coming year provide for an increase of the garrison in Egypt by seven companies of infantry, raising the total from 3243 to 4008. The extra infantry are required in part for garrisoning Khartoum. (Reuter)

## TRAINING-SHIP CAPSIZES.

LONDON, April 24.

The Belgian Government training-ship Comte De Nayer, with a crew of 54, including 30 cadets, has capsized in a gale in the Bay of Biscay. Only 26 have been saved. (Reuter)

## LANCASHIRE COTTON DISPUTE.

LONDON, April 24.

The Manchester Masters' Federation recommends its members to refuse to pay an increase in wages unless the automatic scheme is accepted. (Reuter)

## Cyprus.

## THE OLYMPUS HOTEL.

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## NOTES ET CRITIQUES

Le Caire, le 24 avril.

A Londres, hier, le Consolidé anglais a clôturé en reprise de 1/8 à 90 1/8. Par contre, l'Unifié a baissé de 1/4 à 105 3/4. La National Bank a réactionné de 1/8 à 25 7/8. L'Agricole est renseigné en hausse de 1/8 à 10 1/4. La Daira est restée invariée à 18. La Delta Light a rattrapé 1/8 à 12 3/4.

A Paris, l'action Crédit Foncier Egyptien est demeurée inchangée à 785. La Banque d'Athènes a réagi de 3 francs à 149.

Notre marché des valeurs a montré, ce matin, sur presque toute la ligne, une tendance à la faiblesse, due assurément aux ventes déterminées par l'approche de la liquidation de fin de mois.

La National Bank a fléchi à 25 5/8-11/16. S'il faut en croire une information provenant de bonne source, la place d'administrateur devenue vacante au sein du conseil par suite du décès de M. Félix Suarès serait dévolue à M. Léon Suarès, un des fils du regretté défunt.

L'Agricole a été traité entre 10 5/32 et 3/32. L'action Crédit Foncier est restée à 786; la part de fondateur a réactionné à 1070.

Les Improvements, toujours en bonne tendance, ont progressé à 5 1/8-3/16. Les bénéfices réalisés par cette Société assurant déjà, paraît-il, pour l'exercice 1906, un dividende représentant le 10% annuel, après frais généraux, réserve, etc. Or, en tenant compte des tractations pendantes pour diverses reventes et des huit mois d'exercice restant à courir, le dividende pourrait atteindre et dépasser même celui qui a été distribué en 1905 et qui représentait le 13% annuel. Aussi bien, au cours actuel, ce titre est très avantageux, et il ne faudrait pas s'étonner de le voir bientôt atteindre des prix beaucoup plus élevés.

L'Immobilière s'est maintenue à 375. Cette Société vient de vendre avec une bonification d'environ 7,000 livres, les terrains de l'avenue de Boulao qui étaient autrefois la propriété de M. Toussaint Caner. Ces terrains avaient été cédés, on s'en souvient, à l'Enterprise and Development Co., et étaient passés en dernier lieu aux mains de l'Immobilière.

L'action Entreprises Immobilières et Travaux est restée à 4 3/8; la part de fondateur à 80. L'action Nile Express a été traitée aux environs du pair; la part de fondateur à 80.

Les Ciments ont clôturé à 76. La Brasserie des Pyramides est revenue à 139. L'action Land Allotment a fléchi à 3 11/16; les Omnibus du Caire à 28 3/4 et les Héliopolis à 325.

Dans le groupe des Hôtels, les Nangovich ont faibli à 17 15/16, les Baehler à 5 1/4, les Upper Egypt à 4 7/16 après avoir baissé jusqu'à 4 5/16.

Parmi les petites valeurs, les Delta Land ont été ramenés à 4 5/8, la part de fondateur Estates à 11, les Salt and Soda à 22 sh. 6. Les Hooker se sont bien tenus à 1 1/8-3/16 et les Glymenopoulos à 1 5/8-11/16. Les Markets ont avancé à 27 sh. 9.

Le mouvement de hausse qui s'est dessiné hier sur les Ciments et qui, suivant toutes les apparences, est appelé à s'accroître fortement, est incontestablement dû à la bonne situation actuelle de la Société et aux belles perspectives que présente son avenir.

Les produits de la Société sont non-seulement admis, mais imposés dans les adjudications publiques grâce à leur excellente qualité. Les commandes ont afflué et porté le chiffre de la consommation à 42,000 tonnes par an, alors qu'elle n'était que de 10 à 12,000 d'après le bilan de 1904. Sur ce total, la part de la Société des Oasis (Héliopolis) est de 12,000 tonnes à fournir annuellement suivant contrat. De son côté, l'Etat s'est assuré, pour ses entreprises en cours, la fourniture de 10,000 tonnes, dont 5,000 pour les chemins de fer et 5,000 pour les autres départements des travaux publics.

Aussi bien la Société a augmenté le nombre des fours et pris les autres dispositions nécessaires pour être en état de répondre à toutes les demandes.

En vertu des pouvoirs qui lui ont été conférés par l'assemblée extraordinaire du 21 Avril courant, le conseil d'administration de la Compagnie Agricole du Nil a décidé de porter le capital de la Société de Frs. 3 à 6 millions par l'émission de 12,000 actions nouvelles de Frs. 250.

Ces actions, qui auront jouissance sur l'exercice partant du 1er Avril 1906 pour finir le 31 Mars 1907, seront offertes par préférence aux porteurs des actions anciennes au prix de Frs. 260.

Les souscriptions seront reçues, du 25 Avril courant au 15 Mai, à la Banque Ottomane, à l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank et à la Société Générale Égyptienne pour le Commerce et l'Agriculture, au Caire, ainsi qu'à Anvers, Paris et Lyon.

Il sera payé sur chaque action 1/4 plus la prime, soit Frs. 72,50, en souscrivant, et le solde 3 mois après, soit au plus tard le 15 Août.

On annonce que la Port-Said Salt Association a passé avec les Egyptian Markets un contrat qui mettra à sa disposition, pour la vente du sel, les 117 marchés que cette dernière Société est autorisée à exploiter en Egypte.

On rapporte, d'autre part, que M. Allan Joseph, directeur des Markets, s'est démis de sa charge de conseiller de la Salt and Soda.

Les journaux d'Alexandrie publient le prospectus d'émission de l'Egypt and Levant

Steam Navigation Co. Les souscriptions seront reçues à l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank les 25 et 26 Avril courant. La Société est au capital de £200,000, représenté par 19,000 actions de £1 et 20,000 parts de fondateur de 1 sh. chacune. On offre au public 75,000 actions au pair.

Hier, à Alexandrie, l'action faisait 5/14 de prime et la part de fondateur a atteint £7 1/2 pour revenir à 6.

Carnet de l'actionnaire. Le conseil d'administration des Egyptian Constructions Ltd. a décidé, dans sa séance du 18 avril courant, de faire un appel de 5 sh. par action payable avant le 3 Mai prochain.

Le paiement du dividende intérimaire de P.E. 20 1/2 par action ancienne du Comptoir Financier et Commercial aura lieu à partir du 2 Mai prochain sur présentation des titres définitifs.

Les cours du coton arrivent en forte baisse d'Amérique. Hier, le disponible a perdu 15 points, le Mai 18 et l'Octobre 15.

Les arrivages à New York ont été de 15,000 balles contre 24,000.

Le marché de Liverpool est également en réaction marquée.

Ici, le Mars, qui a fini hier noir à 21 5/8 faible sur de fortes réalisations et l'absence d'acheteurs, a ouvert ce matin à 21 1/2 pour clôturer à 21 11/16.

## Anglo-Egyptian Land Allotment Co.

Le Conseil d'Administration a l'honneur d'informer M.M. les Actionnaires que le 1er Mai prochain expire le délai fixé par les Statuts pour le paiement du 4e versement qui est d'une livre égyptienne par action.

Tout versement en retard est assujéti, de plein droit, en faveur de la Société, à un intérêt de 7%.

L'Anglo-Egyptian Bank est chargée de recevoir les versements et d'en donner quittance sur le certificat provisoire. 27788 3A-1

## The Cairo Electric Railways and Heliopolis Oases Company.

## AVIS

Les demandes pour achat de terrains ou location de villas sur plans doivent être adressées au Chef de service des domaines au siège de la Compagnie, rue Zarvadachi, Immeuble Eloui Pachas.

Les plans sont exposés tous les jours, sauf le Dimanche, de 10-12 a.m. et 3-5 p.m. 27792-3-1

## The Associated Cotton Ginners of Egypt, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Company's Offices—Alexandria Central Building, Rue de l'Ancienne Bourse—on Thursday, 10th May, 1906, at 4 p.m., for the following purposes:

1 To receive and consider the Director's Report and the Annual Statement of Accounts for period ending 31st March 1906.

2 To declare a dividend.

3 To elect an auditor.

In order to vote at this Meeting, Shareholders must deposit their shares at least 48 hours before the date of the Meeting at either of the following Banks:

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LTD.

BANQUE IMPERIALE OTTOMANE.

CREDIT LYONNAIS.

NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT.

or at the Company's office.

Alexandria, 24th April, 1906. 27791-1

## ANGLO-EGYPTIAN BANK, LIMITED.

LONDON, PARIS, ALEXANDRIA, CAIRO. MALTA, GIBRALTAR, TANTAH, MANSOURAH AND PORT SAID.

Subscribed Capital £ 1,500,000  
Paid up " 500,000  
Reserve Fund " 500,000

The Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, undertakes very description of banking business on the most favourable conditions.

Current accounts opened with commercial houses and private individuals in conformity with the custom of Bankers.

Fixed deposits for one year certain received at 3 per cent. per annum. Deposits at interest for shorter periods are also received at rates to be agreed upon.

Letters of credit for the use of travellers are issued payable in all parts of the World.

Approved bills discounted.

Bills, documentary invoices, etc., collected.

Drafts and telegraphic transfers issued payable all over the World.

Foreign exchange bought and sold.

Advances made upon approved securities and upon cotton, cotton-seed, sugar and other merchandise.

The purchase and sale of stocks and shares on the London Stock Exchange; and on the local and Continental Bourses, undertaken.

Customers can deposit their valuables, bonds, etc., for safe custody in the Bank's fire-proof strong rooms, and the Bank will attend to the collection of the coupons and drawn bonds so deposited as they fall due.

Mercantile credits issued.

Annuitants, pensions, dividends, etc., collected.

All further particulars and information can be obtained on application.

The officers and clerks of the Bank are pledged to secrecy as to the transactions of customers.



## AUFGEBOET.

Es wird hiermit bekannt gemacht, dass der Schweizer Bürger und deutsche Schutzgenosse René Louis Delaquis, seines Standes Kaufmann, geboren in Alexandrien, 26 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Alexandrien, Sohn des 63 Jahre alten Kaufmanns August Delaquis und seiner 50 Jahre alten Ehefrau Marie Delaquis geborenen Rabeau, beide wohnhaft in Alexandrien, und

die oesterreichische Staatsangehörige Elisabeth Martha Mayer, geboren in Alexandrien, 21 Jahre alt, wohnhaft in Alexandrien, Tochter des 59 Jahre alten Bankbeamten Oskar Mayer und seiner 50 Jahre alten Ehefrau Marianne Mayer geborenen Schmidt, beide wohnhaft in Alexandrien, beabsichtigen, sich mit einander zu verheirathen und diese Ehe in Gemässheit des Reichsgesetzes von 4. Mai 1870 vor dem unterzeichneten Beamten abzuschliessen.

Alexandrien, den 24. April 1906.

Der Verweser des Kaiserlichen Konsulats.

27787-1 Gez: HELLWIG.

## Administration des Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Egyptien.

## AVIS

L'Administration des Chemins de Fer et des Télégraphes de l'Etat a l'honneur de faire savoir au Public que le bureau télégraphique de Mena House Hotel sera fermé à partir du 30 Avril courant.

Le Caire, 24 Avril 1906. 27785 2-1

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## A. &amp; M. SAMUELSON BROS.

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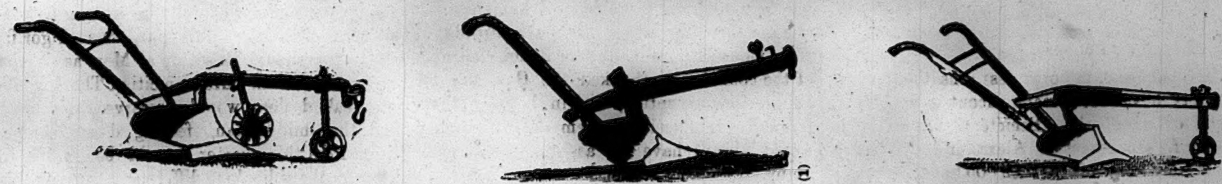
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## NILE GAUGE READINGS.

## MARCH 1905-1906.

Date.	ROSABRES.		DUEM.		KHARTOUM.		BERBER.		HALFA.		ASSOUAN GAUGE.		ASSOUAN U.S.		ASSOUAN D.S.	
	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906	19 5	1906	1905	1906	1905	1906
1	0.50	—	0.42	0.09	0.45	0.56	1.56	1.84	1.71	1.75	2.09	1.23	106.00	106.13	85.44	85.21
2	0.51	—	0.41	0.08	0.45	0.59	1.84	1.84	1.70	1.66	2.02	1.22	105.99	106.16	85.26	85.19
3	0.54	—	0.41	0.07	0.45	0.64	1.32	1.80	1.69	1.62	2.00	1.22	106.01	106.18	85.22	85.19
4	0.55	—	0.40	0.07	0.40	0.67	1.32	1.80	1.69	1.64	2.01	1.22	106.03	106.20	85.26	85.19
5	0.57	—	0.40	0.07	0.35	0.75	1.32	1.82	1.66	1.63	2.05	1.22	106.00	106.20	85.36	85.19
6	0.58	—	0.39	0.07	0.34	0.79	1.30	1.86	1.64	1.62	2.21	2—	105.96	106.09	85.16	85.24
7	0.59	—	0.38	0.03	0.34	0.65	1.27	1.38	1.62	1.60	2.05	1.22	105.89	106.17	85.35	85.19
8	0.59	—	0.36	0.06	0.34	0.69	1.26	1.45	1.60	1.68	1.20	1.22	105.85	106.16	85.15	85.18
9	0.60	—	0.36	0.06	0.31	0.75	1.24	1.48	1.59	1.66	1.15	1.22	105.91	106.14	85.14	85.18
10	0.61	—	0.36	0.06	0.22	0.79	1.20	1.42	1.56	1.53	1.11	1.22	105.98	106.10	84.96	85.18
11	0.62	—	0.42	0.06	0.21	0.75	1.23	1.37	1.55	1.60	1.56	1.21	106.06	106.08	84.81	85.17
12	0.63	—	0.41	0.05	0.21	0.78	1.20	1.42	1.56	1.47	1.56	1.20	106.10	106.04	84.86	85.14
13	0.64	—	0.41	0.05	0.21	0.68	1.14	1.49	1.56	1.51	1.56	1.20	106.12	106.00	84.85	85.16
14	0.64	—	0.40	0.05	0.21	0.66	1.5	1.50	1.58	1.48	1.58	1.16	106.17	106.08	84.92	84.06
15	0.66	—	0.40	0.04	0.21	0.69	1.01	1.48	1.56	1.45	1.56	1.12	106.19	106.09	84.93	85.94
16	0.69	—	0.39	0.04	0.21	0.66	1.5	1.45	1.54	1.43	1.54	1.8	106.22	106.01	84.95	84.88
17	0.70	—	0.38	0.04	0.21	0.62	1.08	1.42	1.51	1.46	1.51	1.9	106.24	106.08	84.90	84.90
18	0.70	—	0.36	—	0.20	0.60	1.10	1.40	1.50	1.44	1.52	1.9	106.25	106.02	84.97	84.89
19	0.72	—	0.36	—	0.20	0.58	1.12	1.39	1.48	1.64	1.12	1.9	106.27	106.03	84.97	84.90
20	0.73	—	0.36	—	0.20	0.59	1.12	1.39	1.46	1.68	1.12	1.9	106.26	106.06	84.97	84.90
21	—	—	0.35	—	0.20	0.54	1.11	1.39	1.46	1.56	1.12	1.9	106.24	106.10	84.97	84.91
22	—	—	0.35	—	0.19	0.50	1.10	1.37	1.45	1.52	1.12	1.9	106.22	106.15	84.97	84.90
23	—	—	0.35	—	0.15	0.50	1.09	1.36	1.41	1.50	1.12	1.9	106.21	106.19	84.97	84.90
24	—	—	0.34	—	0.14	0.70	1.10	1.33	1.38	1.48	1.12	1.14	106.19	106.20	84.97	85.02
25	—	—	0.34	—	0.14	0.47	1.07	—	1.36	1.60	1.11	1.15	106.17	106.21	84.95	85.03
26	—	—	0.34	—	0.14	0.47	1.03	—	1.33	1.55	1.11	1.18	106.15	106.22	84.95	85.11
27	—	—	0.33	—	0.14	0.50	1.00	—	1.32	1.62	1.11	1.20	106.13	106.20	84.95	85.16
28	—	—	0.33	—	0.14	0.52	1.00	—	1.32	1.64	1.11	1.22	106.12	106.19	84.95	85.18
29	—	—	0.33	—	0.09	0.54	1.02	—	1.32	1.60	1.7	1.23	106.04	106.18	84.85	85.18
30	—	—	0.32	—	0.07	0.57	1.05	—	1.29	1.56	1.5	1.22	106.01	106.18	84.82	85.18
31	—	—	0.31	—	0.07	0.60	1.05	—	1.31	1.57	1.5	1.22	106.01	106.18	84.81	85.18



## EGYPTIAN MINES.

## SOME POTENTIALITIES

## NEW FLOTATIONS.

One result of the continued prosperity of the country has been to direct attention afresh to the potentialities of the vast and ancient mining industry of Egypt. There has lately been renewed inquiry for the shares of the chief Egyptian mining and exploration companies, including Egyptian Mines Exploration, Nile Valley, North Nile Valley, Um Rus, and United African Exploration, as a result of which there will very probably be increased activity in the development of the industry. One of the chief companies interested in this work is the Egyptian Mines Exploration Company, which has a capital of £2,000,000, of which £35,000 is unissued. A subsidiary of this great enterprise is the Um Rus Company, in whose mine developments of an encouraging character are taking place. With only ten stamps running the company is recovering an average of £1,500 worth of gold per month, a feature of the operations being the extremely low working costs. At an early date ten additional stamps will start crushing. For the period from March 6, 1905, to 31st December last, 6,161 tons of ore treated resulted in the recovery of gold which realised £14,721, the average yield from the mill being 13.94dwts. per ton. This did not include 4,895 tons of stored tailings which have an average assay value of 3.30dwts. per ton, and will bring the total average yield up to 17.24dwts. This is a very satisfactory return, and when operations are conducted on a larger scale, handsome profits should result.

## Coming Flotation.

As showing the important work that is being done under the aegis of the Egyptian Mines Exploration Company, attention may be directed to the fact that it has three subsidiary companies engaged in developing some of its extensive properties, including three important groups of ancient mines. The properties so being developed are the Atallah, by the Central Egypt Exploration Company, the Semna, which the Patira (Egypt) Exploring Company is working, and the Eridia, which the Bria (Egypt) Exploring Company is exploiting. The prospects of these properties, on all of which a large amount of work has been done, are considered most satisfactory. Up to the 31st December last on the Atallah group of mines, about 45 miles due east of Keneh, on the Nile, which embrace six parallel auriferous quartz veins, all of which were more or less worked in ancient days, a lineal extent of at least 1,000 feet of vein had been proved, which had been followed on its dip down to 410 feet. The veins here reach a maximum width of 41 inches and a maximum value of 202 dwts. (10 oz. 2 dwts.) per ton. At the Semna mine the length of the vein already proved is 1,000 feet east and west, and there is on the property by far the largest masses of gold-bearing quartz that have yet been met with by the company, the veins reaching a maximum width of 180 inches and a maximum value of 109.4 dwts. (5 ozs. 9 dwts.) per ton. A very considerable amount of work has also been done at the Eridia Mine, where the vein widths are good throughout, reaching a maximum width of 40 inches and a maximum value of 72 dwts. per ton. Mr. C. J. Alford, F.G.S., the superintending engineer, who has taken the keenest interest in the exploitation of these ancient mines, is strongly of opinion that the developments on the properties justify the formation of a company with a working capital of £150,000. This, he estimates, will be sufficient to build a railway to connect the mines with Keneh, by which means the working costs would be reduced fully 30 per cent., and to provide the necessary equipment. As the result of Mr. Alford's recommendation, we understand that important negotiations have taken place during the past week, particulars of which will be conveyed to shareholders in due course.

## Nile Valley (New).

Another Egyptian undertaking which has done splendidly in the past, and which has excellent prospects, is the Nile Valley (New) Company. Recently the company was reconstructed with a capital of £250,000 in £1 shares, the same number as the old company, each new share having a liability of 4s. The shareholders had the right to subscribe the

exact number of shares held by them in the former company, and the confidence that the directors had that they would not hesitate to take up their proportion has been amply justified, over 194,000 shares in the new company having been claimed by shareholders in the old company resident in England alone. As was the case with the old company, 31,748 shares are held in reserve which it is hoped will ultimately be disposed of at a considerable premium. The fact that the shareholders have so readily subscribed for the new shares speaks volumes for the faith they possess in the company's property, and explains the recent activity in the shares and the consequent appreciation in value. As is well known, some phenomenally rich bonanzas or pockets of gold have been struck in the Nile Valley from time to time, and there is no reason to suppose that the value of the mine will depreciate in depth. In fact, expert opinion inclines to the view that the ore bodies will be found to maintain their average value in the deeper levels which are to be opened up, and the realisation of this would add immensely to the prospects of the property. Mr. Currie, the company's well-known consulting engineer, has shown that there are three grades of ore in the mine—one known to be phenomenally rich, the second high-grade, and the third low-grade. Since the latter will pay to crush, it will be easily understood that the company would only require a comparatively small proportion of the two first named grades to ensure profitable exploitation. And here it may be pointed out that since the summer of last year the crushings have averaged about 11dwts. per ton (without the tailings, which should yield 2dwts. to 3lwts. per ton more), which, considering the fact that most of the ore dealt with came from the dump, which had been previously picked over on several occasions, may be regarded as a highly creditable performance. ("The Globe").

## AMERICAN STOCKS &amp; SHARES.

(Gazette's Special Service.)

## NEW YORK, Tuesday.

	Yesterday	To-day
Aitohison .....	93½	92
Baltimore & Ohio .....	114½	113½
Canadian Pacific .....	179½	178½
Chicago and Milwaukee .....	178½	174½
Erie .....	44½	42½
Illinois Central .....	178½	176
Louisville .....	152½	150
New York Central .....	146½	144
Pennsylvania Shares .....	72	71½
Philadelphia and Reading .....	65½	64
Southern Pacific .....	57½	56½
Union Pacific .....	166½	144
U.S. Steel .....	44½	43½
Pref. ....	102	100½

## Calendar of Coming Events.

## ALEXANDRIA.

April.	
Wed. 25	Alhambra. Revue: <i>Eh Comment, en 2000</i> .
Thurs. 26	Alexandria Archaeological Society. Excursion to the Eastern Necropolis at Chabty. 5.
Sat. 28	A.C.C. grounds. A.C.C. v. E.T.C. 2. Mustapha Range. Rapid firing Competition and Practice. 2.30.
Sun. 29	Round Point. Pigeon Shooting. 2.30. Gabbari. Pigeon Shooting. 2.30.

## CAIRO.

April.	
Wed. 25	Entertainment in aid of funds of Soldiers' & Sailors' Families Association at Sheppard's Hotel. 9.30. Theatre des Nouveautés. 9.30. Alcazar Parisien. 9.30.
Fri. 27	Connaught House. Y.W.C.A. Lecture "Growth of Hellenic Influence throughout the World," by Rev. W. H. T. Gairdner, B.A. 5. Zoological Gardens. Afternoon Concert by the Ghizeh Boys' Band.
Sat. 28	Abdeen Palace Khedivial Levée. 8.30 a.m.
Sun. 29	Zoological Gardens. E. A. Infantry Band. Afternoon.

## UNIVERSAL PENNY POST.

## EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE.

On the eve of the Postal Union Congress Mr. Henniker Heaton, M. P., addressed a long letter to Mr. Sidney Buxton, Postmaster-General, in which he outlined the case for a universal penny post.

He stated that at this critical moment in the world's history, when nations long divided are fraternizing, and a vague yearning for peace and good-will is working and fermenting in the mind of humanity, any reasoned proposal for developing and facilitating international communication claims serious attention. "Ignorance is the breeding ground, not only of discord and war, but of every plague that afflicts us. How impotent for evil are bellicose Ministers when the masses of the governed people thoroughly understand and, as a necessary consequence, esteem one another."

In the course of his letter Mr. Heaton draws the attention of the Postmaster to "the striking contrast between the recent attitude of your department and that of the Egyptian Post Office? When Imperial penny postage was established between this country and Egypt? certain notices were issued on either side, which I have set out in parallel columns, as taken from "The Times" of December 5, 1903.

## ENGLAND.

## POST OFFICE NOTICE.

In view of the special and exceptional relations which exist between the Government of the Khedive and his Majesty's Government, it has been arranged to extend the penny postage scheme to Egypt and the Sudan; on and after the 15th inst. letters posted in the United Kingdom for these countries need no longer be prepaid at the foreign postage rate of 2½d. the half-ounce. The letter postage to be prepaid will therefore be 1d. the half-ounce.

By command of the Postmaster-General, Cairo, Egypt, Dec. 5, 1905.

## EGYPT.

## POST OFFICE NOTICE.

A partir du 15 Décembre, 1905, la taxe d'affranchissement des lettres expédiées de l'Egypte et du Soudan au Royaume Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, dont le poids n'excèdera pas 15 grammes, sera de 5 (cinq) millimes seulement.

L'affranchissement des lettres du Royaume Uni pour l'Egypte et le Soudan sera d'un penny.

Le Gouvernement égyptien est prêt à offrir une réduction semblable à tout pays qui aurait disposé à lui accorder la réciprocité.

## The Call from Egypt.

These notices are obviously meant for the eye of the "foreigner." It might be supposed that I had inadvertently prefixed the word "England" to the Egyptian notice, and vice versa; but they are taken from the official journals in each country. So we find the ancient kingdom of the Pharaohs once more, after thousands of years, under the strenuous Cromer dynasty, once more I say in the van of civilization, addressing to all nations a sort of general manifesto, such as some wise, mighty, benevolent Thothmes might have issued to the less advanced contemporary races. It is as if Father Nile were seeking a new additional outlet to the sea—to turn still more of the desert into fertile delta.

How different is the haughty proclamation of England, grown great by foreign trade, as she announces the admission of Egypt to her postal alliance! It is the tone adopted by some frigid dowager granting an obsequious parvenue a card for her reception. George III. jealously restricted the right of driving through the Horse Guards to a select circle of the privileged. When a rising statesman asked permission to drive home; that way, his Majesty could not see his way to throw open St. James's Park to him, but offered him an Irish peerage. These contrasting notices suggest Macaulay's line—

"And those in rear cried 'Forward'  
And those in front cried 'Back!'"

In conclusion Mr. Heaton remarks:—"We have here a potent means of linking up the nations, great and small, for peaceful and beneficent ends, of fostering kindly intercourse, irrespective of distance, of opening up millions of channels for commerce, of securing a universal blessing for humanity. And all this at a comparatively insignificant cost. What you are asked to do is—

1. To propose universal penny postage at the Rome Congress.
2. If the proposal be rejected, to open negotiations with the United States, France, and Japan for the formation of a restricted postal union with the British Empire.
3. To announce your adoption of this policy before the congress meets."

## PASSENGER LISTS.

## DEPARTURES.

Per S.S. City of Cambridge, left for Liverpool yesterday:—Mr. and Mrs. Paling, Mr. and Mrs. Orsi, Miss L. Orsi, Mrs. M. Smith and infant, Miss Horfall, Mr. Bnover, Miss Dempster, Mr. C. Cullinan, Mr. A. Hamilton, Miss M. Hamilton. Mrs. Paling's maid.

## THE SUDAN MUTINY.

## LORD KITCHENER AND THE EGYPTIAN ARMY.

Colonel D. F. Lewis, formerly Major-General in the Egyptian Army, challenges in the "Times" certain statements recently made by a Special Correspondent of that journal with regard to Lord Kitchener's methods.

I can form, he says, no definite judgment as to the value of the opinions expressed as regards Lord Kitchener's dealings with the Indian Army; but, when your Correspondent at the end of his letter deals with the Egyptian Army, he is betrayed into very grave inaccuracies.

After certain observations, your Correspondent writes:—

"Only a short time before Lord Kitchener was ordered to South Africa, an incipient mutiny amongst native troops in the Sudan, which arose out of his disregard in peace time for peculiar idiosyncrasies that he had safely ignored so long as the excitement of active service lasted, was only detected and suppressed during the 11th hour."

Now, Sir, there was no incipient mutiny either a short or a long time before Lord Kitchener's departure to South Africa.

I was commanding a district in the Sudan at the time. I served in the Egyptian Army during the whole time that Lord Kitchener was Sirdar. At one time or another nearly every unit of that army served under my orders, and I know native officers and men, Egyptian and blacks, well, and can state most emphatically that during the whole of his period of command there was no indiscipline and very little discontent in any arm of the Egyptian Army—Egyptian or black. They were a cheery, loyal body of officers and men, very proud of their Sirdar.

But some weeks after Lord Kitchener left the Sudan and Egypt to go to South Africa serious indiscipline did occur in two out of the seven black battalions. None in the other five, none in any Egyptian corps.

The Khalifa having been killed and a state of peace having been inaugurated, it was thought advisable to withdraw the half-ammunition from the troops.

Now at any time this would have been an unpopular order. The men of the Egyptian Army, especially the blacks, had always been proud of being fully armed and equipped. In earlier campaigns extra ammunition would be collected and secreted, and, when called again to active service, it often happened that a black soldier would turn out with a red leather Sudanese bandolier (fall) round his waist besides his regulation brown one over his shoulder.

In other times the order would have been promptly carried out, although unpopular.

But the repeated reverses to our arms in South Africa had worked their effects in Egypt as elsewhere. A party in Cairo, near to those in very high place, had seized the opportunity to sow disaffection among the least loyal of our Egyptian officers. The report was spread that the black troops, when disarmed, would be sent off to the Transvaal. Hence the temporary weakening of discipline in two (only two) of the Sudanese battalions. The loyalty of the other five Sudanese battalions and of all Egyptian corps was very creditable to themselves—officers and men, Egyptians and Sudanese—very gratifying to their British officers.

I do not think that your Correspondent should brand the incident "incipient mutiny." Those who brought to bear harmful influences at the beginning of 1900 had tried a throw with Lord Kitchener some seven years before. But they fell so heavily then that I am quite sure that they would not have challenged him again even under the temptation to do so which the reverses in South Africa offered.

If Lord Kitchener had remained Sirdar of the Egyptian Army during that anxious period, the so-called incipient mutiny would not have occurred. Occurring as it did, it had no connection, even the remotest, with Lord Kitchener's able and sympathetic administration.

To this communication the correspondent sends the following reply:

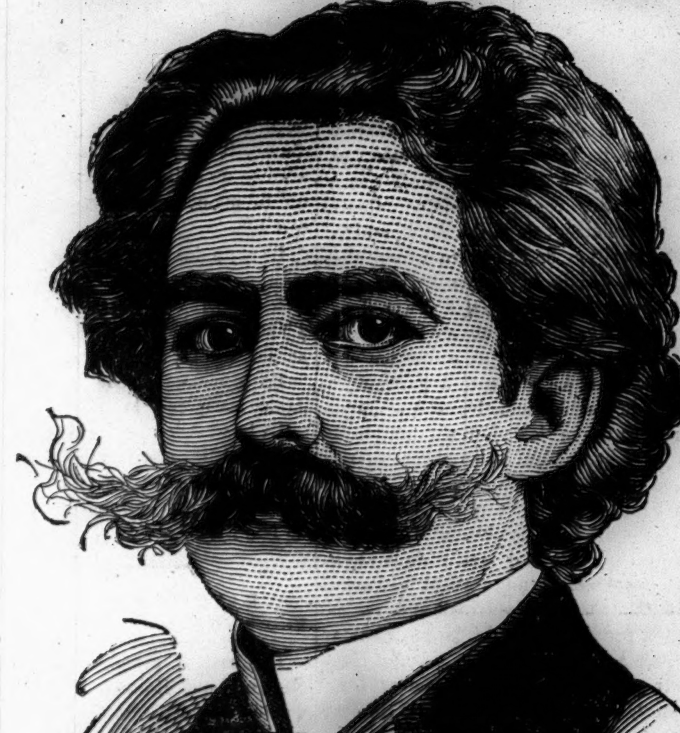
I hasten to acknowledge that Colonel Lewis is right in correcting me with regard to the outbreak amongst the Sudanese troops to which I referred in my letter to you from Bombay. It occurred a short time after, and not, as I wrote, a short time before, Lord Kitchener was ordered to South Africa.

Whether Colonel Lewis's explanation, which, as far as it goes, is no doubt quite accurate, covers the deeper causes as well as the immediate occasion of the outbreak is a question to which there is another side, as may be gathered from the very different commentary with which the same correction as that which Colonel Lewis makes was accompanied in last week's issue of the "Spectator." In the course of an article on my letter your weekly contemporary says:—

The mutiny of the Sudanese troops at Khartoum—for mutiny, in effect, it was—was, it can hardly be doubted, due to the defects in the military administration of Lord Kitchener, defects which in peace time, while Lord Kitchener was under the direct influence of Lord Cromer in Cairo, were prevented from assuming dangerous proportions, but which were exaggerated by the virtual autonomy which Lord Kitchener necessarily enjoyed in the Sudan. The Correspondent of the "Times" is, however, we think, wrong in saying that the outbreak took place before Lord Kitchener ceased to be Sirdar. Unless we are mistaken, it took place shortly after his departure. This fact makes no difference as far as the moral to be

## CUBAN MINISTER TO THE U. S.

## Recommends Pe-ru-na.



Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States.

Senor Quesada, Cuban Minister to the United States, is an orator born. In an article in The Outlook for July, 1899, by George Kennan, who heard Quesada speak at the Esteban Theater, Mantanzas, Cuba, he said: "I have seen many audiences under the spell of eloquent speech and in the grip of strong emotional excitement; but I have rarely witnessed such a scene as at the close of Quesada's eulogy upon the dead patriot, Martí." In a letter to The Peru-na Medicine Company, written from Washington, D. C., Senor Quesada says:

"Peruna I can recommend as a very good medicine. It is an excellent strengthening tonic, and it is also an efficacious cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."—Gonzalo De Quesada.

Congressman J. H. Bankhead, of Alabama, one of the most influential members of the House of Representatives, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., gives his endorsement to the great catarrh remedy, Peruna, in the following words:

"Your Peruna is one of the best medicines I ever tried, and no family should be without your remarkable remedy. As a tonic and catarrh cure I know of nothing better."—J. H. Bankhead.

For special directions everyone should read "The Ills of Life," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with Dr. Hartman and can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

MAX FISCHER,  
Cairo and Alexandria.

## DAILY WEATHER REPORT

## ALEXANDRIA

Kom-el-Nadoura Observatory.

Direction of wind .....	8.
Force of Anemometer .....	8
State of Sea .....	Calm
Barometer corrected .....	766.1
Evaporation .....	18
State of Clouds .....	1/4 clouded
During 24 hours .....	Max. Temp. in the shade .. 39
ending 9 a.m. .....	Min. do. do. .. 22.3
	Humidity of the air .. 62
	Heat of the sun .. 64
	Moon rises 6.32 a.m.
	sets 8.5 p.m.

## REMARKS.

Yesterday was a "scoorcher." According to the records at Kom-el-Nadoura Observatory, it was the hottest day since 1891, the maximum temperature in the shade being 39 deg. Cent., whilst the highest recorded since 1891 was 38 deg. There was little humidity in the air, which made the heat more bearable. The same temperature was registered at Assouan and Wady Halfa. To-day's forecast is: hot and dry, more wind.

## OTHER STATIONS.

OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT.  
For the 24 hours ending 9 a.m. yesterday.

Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.	Stations.	Max. temp. in the shade.	Min. temp. in the shade.
Port Said .....	27	19	Marowe .....	40	17
Suez .....	35	19	Berber .....	40	27
Helouan .....	36	24	Suakin .....	31	24
Ghizeh .....	35	19	Khartoum .....	—	—
Assiut .....	44	16	Wad Modani .....	42	25
Assouan .....	39	25	Duim .....	—	—
Wady Halfa .....	40	23			

## FOREIGN STATIONS.

Stations.	Barom.	Wind	Temp.	State of Sea
Trieste .....	759.2	Calm	17	Calm
Malta .....	762.8	Fresh	23	Rather rough
Brindisi .....	760.0	Moder.	25	Rough
Athens .....	768.1	Calm	24	Very slight
Lima .....	761.0	Almost calm	24	Calm

## PHASES OF THE MOON.

		THE SUN.	
April 2 First Quarter .....	6.3 a.m.	5.44	6.13
" 9 Full Moon .....	8.13 a.m.	5.38	6.18
" 15 Last Quarter .....	10.37 p.m.	5.19	6.22
" 23 New Moon .....	8.7 p.m.	5.20	6.27

## ASK FOR



AND IF NOT SUPPLIED

APPLY TO

JOHN B. CAFFARI  
ALEXANDRIA & CAIRO.EDEN PALACE HOTEL,  
CAIRO.NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENT CUISINE.  
ELECTRIC LIGHT, LIFT.  
Special terms for officers of the Army of Occupation and Government Officials.  
20-11-06

Beck &amp; Co's Pilsener Beer.

BREMEN.

Obtainable from every Respectable Firm  
IN CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA AND THE SUDAN.Otherwise apply to  
E. J. FLEURENT, F. MICALLEF, Sole Agents,  
CAIRO, 11, Rue Midan, Alexandria.

Three-quarters of a Century's established Reputation.

NEAVE'S Food  
for  
Infants, Invalids and the Aged

"Admirably adapted to the wants of infants and young persons."

Sir Chas. A. Cameron, C.B., M.D.

Gold Medal awarded, Woman's Exhibition, London, 1900.

NEAVE'S FOOD is specially prepared for keeping in hot climates  
and is packed in hermetically sealed tins.

Manufacturers: JOSIAH R. NEAVE &amp; CO., Fordingbridge, England.

HOTEL BRISTOL, CAIRO.

FULL SOUTH, ELECTRIC LIGHT, OPPOSITE ESBEKIEH GARDENS, LARGE VERANDAH,  
MODERATE CHARGES.

CHAS. BAUER, Proprietor.

This Hotel is beautifully fitted up and is in the most central part of Cairo. Terms for pension are at the rate of  
ten shillings a day. Special terms for officers of Army of Occupation.  
24952-31-10-06



## DELEGATION MUNICIPALE

(Communication Officielle)

La Délégation Municipale s'est réunie le 24 avril 1906 à 4 h. p.m. sous la présidence de M. le Dr. Schiess Pacha.

Présents : MM. Mansour Bey Youssef, Soliman Bey Abani, Dr. G. Valentin, G. Zervoudachi, membres, W. P. Chataway, administrateur, I. Sedky Bey, secrétaire.

La Délégation décide le pavage des rues Badawi, Bahari Bey, Maquid Mille colonnes, l'asphaltage de la rue St. Mark, ainsi que le macadamage des rues El Guédid, César, Payera et complément de la rue des Pharaons.

Sur la proposition de l'Inspecteur Sanitaire, la Délégation décide la suspension du commerce, transport et manipulation des chiffons, à partir du 30 avril 1906, en conformité de l'art. 21 du règlement sur le commerce des chiffons et la mise en vigueur, à partir de la même date, de l'article additionnel à ce règlement disposant que les chiffons transportés dans les rues seront saisis et détruits sans aucune indemnité.

La Délégation prend connaissance d'une lettre du 22 avril 1906 de S.E. le Ministre de l'Intérieur au sujet de la question de la réglementation des poids et mesures, et informe que si la Commission Municipale désire, en attendant la promulgation de la réglementation générale à l'étude, prendre certaines mesures pour remédier aux inconvénients dont elle se plaint, ces mesures auraient à lui être soumises et elles ne seraient en tous cas avoir qu'un caractère provisoire.

Cette lettre sera soumise à la Commission Municipale.

La Délégation adjuge à M. Fürst et Cie la fourniture de 9000 ml. de bordure au prix de P.T. 18 le ml. et à M. Degardé, la fourniture de 100 regards en pierre au prix de P.T. 130 le regard.

Communication est donnée d'une lettre du 23 avril 1906 de S.E. le Ministre de l'Intérieur approuvant la décision prise par la Commission dans sa séance du 21 mars dernier relative à la mise en vente des terrains des quais et ce sous certaines réserves formulées dans sa lettre.

Cette lettre est renvoyée au Comité des Travaux Publics.

La Délégation renvoie également au Comité des Travaux, tout en émettant un avis favorable à leur égard, des projets de travaux concernant la construction d'un mur de soutènement au pied du fort Napoléon dans la rue Bahari Bay, le prolongement du collecteur Ibrahim, depuis le palais de Cristal jusqu'à l'axe de la rue Nubar Pacha, ainsi que la construction de deux chambres à annexer à la salle du Comité du Musée.

Elle autorise, sauf approbation de la Commission, une dépense de 122 L.E. pour la construction et la réparation des kiosques du service des recettes et l'annexion d'une chambre au local affecté à ce service.

La Délégation décide l'installation de 2 lampes électriques sur la voie ferrée entre Schutz et la Halte Ghanadieh.

Elle arrête l'ordre du jour de la prochaine séance de la Commission Municipale qui se réunira le 2 mai 1906.

Communication est donnée d'une lettre du 7 avril du Ministère de l'Intérieur conférant à la Municipalité les pouvoirs nécessaires pour la réglementation du canal Mahmoudieh et remettant le projet de règlement avec les modifications suggérées par le Gouvernement.

La Délégation décide de vélocigraphier ce projet et de le distribuer aux membres.

La séance est levée à 7 1/2 p.m.

**AUX PRISES AVEC LE GRAND CADI**

MM. ZERVUDACHI ET LES WAKES

On se rappelle que MM. C. G. Zervoudachi et fils avaient, par voie d'adjudication, acheté ferme au prix de 100,000 livres à l'administration des Wakfs une assez grande étendue de terrains situés à l'île de Rodah.

Or, tandis qu'ils attendaient d'un moment à l'autre l'accomplissement des formalités, le grand cadi vient d'ordonner une troisième adjudication.

Un oncle du Caire, justement indigné de ce procédé, écrit à ce sujet :

"Le grand cadi s'imaginer, sans doute, que tout le monde est soumis à sa juridiction et qu'il peut, par conséquent, imposer ses décisions aux personnes qui échappent à sa compétence, sans tenir compte des autres tribunaux qui protègent leurs intérêts. On voit d'ici ce qui se passe dans les affaires entre musulmans, qui sont portées devant le Mahkémé. Dans un procès récent, pour ne parler que d'un seul, le demandeur avait été débouté et condamné aux frais. Il y avait donc chose jugée en faveur du défendeur. Mais le grand cadi intervient, annule le jugement, ordonne la reprise du procès par le fils du demandeur débouté au nom de son père, et cela devant le même Mahkémé qui l'avait jugé. Il y a plus, comme le fils n'avait pas qualité pour intenter l'action, Son Eminence rend une ordonnance qui lui donne la qualité requise.

"Ce procès traîne encore devant le Mahkémé. C'est la justice alla turca. C'est un anachronisme insupportable, qui jure avec la situation générale de l'Egypte. Le Mahkémé ne peut subsister tel quel. Il est temps de le réorganiser de manière que sa compétence soit limitée au statut personnel, et qu'il n'ait pas à se mêler des intérêts de la population."

**Anglo-American Nile Steamers**

**HOTEL COMPANY.**

River Transport of Goods between Alexandria and Cairo.

**THREE SAILINGS A-WEEK.**

Agents at Alexandria

**ALEXANDRIA BONDED WAREHOUSE CO. LTD**

## BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demie)

Il semble que la chaleur de la journée d'hier, qui n'avait pas été atteinte depuis quinze ans, ait donné à notre marché son coup de grâce. Tout s'effondre, ainsi que nous l'avions prévu, et le mal est qu'il n'y a pas de reprise en perspective, du moins pour quelque temps.

L'Agricole, qui avait tenu bon jusqu'à maintenant, cède aussi à l'approche de la liquidation d'avril. D'assez nombreux échanges ont eu lieu, ainsi qu'en Delta Light, Salt and Soda et Trust, qui fléchissent respectivement à 12 5/16, 21/6 et 1 5/8.

Le reste de la cote fléchit aussi : nous voyons, par exemple, le Crédit Franco-Egyptien reculer jusqu'à 5 9/16, la Land Allotment à 3 11/16, la Fondatrice Estates à 11 1/4, les actions à 1 13/16, etc.

En somme, marché détestable, avec tendances marquées à la baisse.

La Land Allotment va probablement subir une nouvelle dépréciation à cause de l'appel du dernier versement pour le 1er mai, appel qui coïncidera précisément avec le maximum de la cote.

## FAYOUM LIGHT RAILWAY

L'assemblée générale extraordinaire de la Fayoum Light Railway qui a eu lieu avant-hier a voté le paiement du coupon échû le 31 décembre 1905 des 5220 obligations de la Société.

Elle a en outre voté d'importantes modifications aux statuts et a procédé à l'élection de deux administrateurs.

Voici l'actuelle composition du Conseil d'administration : Baron F. de Reuter, administrateur de la Reuter's telegraph Cy de Londres, président ; MM. J. Decker, docteur en droit à Liège ; J. Frazer, ingénieur à Liège et commissaire du crédit général Liégeois ; S. de Bilinski, directeur de l'Anglo Belgian Company au Caire ; M. Beckett, directeur de la Western Oasis corporation au Caire ; M. Lambert, de la maison Lambert et Ralli, Bruxelles et Caire ; M. Thonet, directeur général de la Société d'entreprises et de Travaux à Liège ; Khaled bey Loutfi, propriétaire à Fayoum ; Akhnouk eff. Fanous, avocat à Assiout.

M. Livron a été nommé directeur au Caire par le nouveau groupe belge qui s'est rendu propriétaire des quatre-vingt-cinq actions.

D'importantes achats de machines et de matériel roulant ont été décidés.

## SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

## ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

**ARRIVALS.**

April 24.

Kora, Brit. s. capt. Daous, Glasgow.

Dartmoor, Brit. s. capt. Klebert, Hull.

Orestes, Brit. s. capt. Walker, London and Malta, Tamvaco.

Andros, Germ. s. capt. Broadhering, Hamburg and Malta, Stross.

April 25.

Sambre, Belg. s. capt. Tornkist, Antwerp and Beyroth, Kalfian.

Groveland, Swed. s. capt. Leundle, Galatz and Cavak, Nimin.

Aszonan, Brit. s. capt. Findlay, Marsina and Port Said, Khedivial Mail.

**DEPARTURES.**

April 24.

Marie Reine, Greek s. capt. Papalas, Constantinople.

Armonia, Ital. s. capt. Scotto, Syria, with part of previous cargo.

City of Cambridge, Brit. s. capt. Walker, Liverpool.

Galaxidion, Greek s. capt. Jorgandos, Taganrog, in ballast.

## EXPORT MANIFESTS.

For PIREUS and ODESSA, by the S.S. Tohiatchoff, sailed on the 13th April :

Various, 1,461 bags onions, 473 packages vegetables, 40 packages henna, 45 packages mats, 22 packages sundries

G. Frauger & Co., 170 bales cotton

G. Riecken, 100 " "

E. Mallison & Co., 25 " "

B. Barki, 200 " "

495 bales cotton

For PORT SAID and SYRIA, by the S.S. Assouan, sailed on the 14th April :

Various, 30 bales cotton (Kobe), 924 bags rice, 49 bags coffee, 30 bags Sudan beans, 10 bags beans, 50 cases whisky, 6 cases cigarettes, 130 packages vegetables, 20 packages henna, 109 packages skins, 2,162 packages sundries

For LONDON and ANTWERP, by the S.S. Nil, sailed on the 15th April :

F. C. Baines & Co., 31 bales cotton

J. Planta & Co., 61 " "

F. Andres, 100 " "

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 30 " "

Mohr & Fendler, 50 " "

R. & O. Lindemann, 60 " "

A. Hess & Co., 17 " "

349 bales cotton

Behrend & Co., 400 bags sugar

Eg. Salt & Soda Co., 968 bags oil cake

Walker and Meimarachi, 59 empty casks

Various, 16 packages sundries

A. Dahan, 1,576 bags onions

C. Parisi, 2,188 " "

A. Doss, 3,446 " "

E. Caralli, 4,364 " "

J. B. Thomas, 5,365 " "

Ibrahim Khara, 1,502 " "

H. Deghem, 300 " "

For LIVERPOOL, by the S.S. Tabor, sailed on the 18th April :

Hassel, 1 case cigarettes

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 11 packages effects

Bustros & Huri, 102 bales cotton

Peel & Co., 27 " "

G. Riecken, 25 " "

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 80 " "

J. Planta & Co., 50 " "

Moursi Bros., 49 " "

333 bales cotton

T. Ghirghis & Sons, 7,435 bags onions

G. D. Kanakari, 5,788 " "

Glover Hill & Co., 3,723 " "

G. M. Adee, 2,077 " "

A. Youssef & Son, 2,092 " "

L. Onofrio, 1,200 " "

Moh. Daff, 725 " "

Aly Mohamed Saleh, 2,709 " "

Bustros & Huri, 3,131 " "

Behrend & Co., 2,175 " "

B. Antoun, 911 " "

A. Dahan, 510 " "

Khedivial Mail, 450 bags lin seed

J. B. Caffari, 24 empty casks

J. Ross & Co., 300 empty casks

Mr. Lamb, 4 packages effects

R. J. Ross & Co., 5 packages sundries

For MALTA and MANCHESTER, by the S.S. Egyptian Prince, sailed on the 18th April :

E. Mallison & Co., 125 bales cotton

Biroh & Co., 25 " "

Mohr & Fendler, 35 " "

F. C. Baines & Co., 175 " "

R. & O. Lindemann, 60 " "

G. Riecken, 157 " "

H. Bindernagel, 131 " "

W. Getty & Co., 205 " "

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 2,529 " "

G. Frauger & Co., 170 " "

Choremi, Benachi & Co., 1,465 " "

Peel & Co., 2,351 " "

7,438 bales cotton

J. Talloch, 5,083 bags onions

A. Doss, 1,165 " "

H. Daghrm, 699 " "

J. Davies, 2,646 " "

H. M. Fargali, 1,514 " "

J. Adee, 1,598 " "

A. Moh. Saleh, 1,000 " "

Bonded Stores, 183 bags gum

Various, 4 packages sundries

For SYRIA and ODESSA, by the S.S. Cesarevich, sailed on the 18th April :

Peel & Co., 200 bales cotton (Kobe)

Various, 300 bags onions, 15 cases butter, 177 cases beer

For PIREUS and CONSTANTINOPLE, by the S.S. Prince Abbas, sailed on the 18th April :

Various, 767 bags rice, 1,478 bags onions, 708 packages vegetables, 21 packages sundries

For MESSINA and GENOA, by the S.S. Perses, sailed on the 19th April :

FOR VARIOUS PORTS

J. Planta & Co., 20 bales cotton (Naples)

Various, 16 packages sundries

FOR GENOA

M. L. Garasso, 5 bales gum

Various, 9 packages sundries

Choremi, Benachi & Co., 110 bales cotton

G. Frauger & Co., 177 " "

J. Planta & Co., 154 " "

Carver Bros. & Co. Ltd, 60 " "

Mohr & Fendler, 62 " "

R. & O. Lindemann, 72 " "

637 bales cotton

For SYRIA, by the S.S. Portugal, sailed on the 19th April :

Various, 32 packages sundries

For PIREUS and ODESSA, by the S.S. Emp. Nicolas, sailed on the 20th April :

Various, 2,073 bags onions, 330 bags rice, 23 packages wool, 1,273 packages vegetables, 12 packages sundries

**CLOTURE**

**BOURSE KHEDIVIALE**

CONTRAITS

Cours de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises

6h. p.m.

Coton F.G.F.Br.

Novembre ... Tal. 16 27/32 à 7/8

Janvier ... 16 9/16 " 19/32

Mai ... 21 21/32 " 11/16

Juillet ... 22 13/32 " "

Graines de coton

Nov.-Déc.-Jan. ... P.T. 65 1/4 à 15/40

Mai ... 74 15/40 " 30/40

Juin ... 74 35/40 " 15/40

Juillet ... 75 3/4 " 35/40

Fèves-Saïdi

Sept.-Oct.-Nov. ... P.T. 94 1/2 à 95

REMARQUES

Coton.—Récolte actuelle : L'ouverture de l'ancienne récolte était très ferme, mais elle a fini par faiblir. La nouvelle récolte est très soutenue.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour mai tal. 21 3/4 à — ; plus bas pour mai 21 9/16 à —. Dans l'après-midi prix plus haut pour mai 21 3/4 à — ; plus bas pour mai 21 21/32 à —.

N.B.—Reports sans changement

Au moment de la clôture, les nouvelles étaient les suivantes :

Liverpool, coton égyptien disponible : 10 3/8 Fut. mai : 9 55/64.

Liverpool : coton américain : Futurs mai-juin : 5.84 ; Futurs oct.-nov. : 5.60

New-York : cot. amér. : Futurs : mai : 11.02 ; oct. : 10.32

Graines de coton.—Récolte actuelle : Soutenues, cours sans changement.

Dans la matinée prix plus haut pour mai P.T. 74 35/40 à — ; plus bas pour mai P.T. 74 25/40 à —. Dans l'après-midi, prix plus haut pour mai P.T. 74 25/40 à — ; plus bas pour mai P.T. 74 25/40 à —.

N.B.—Reports : sans changement

Fèves-Saïdi.—Nouvelle récolte : Marché nul.

Alexandria, le 24 avril 1906.

## COTONS

cours de la dépêche  
DE L'ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE  
ASSOCIATION  
à la  
LIVERPOOL COTTON ASSOCIATION

(Cours pratiqués hier soir à 5h. p.m. à la Bourse Khédiviale.)

Tal. 21 3/4 Livraison Mai

" 16 13/16 " Juillet

" 16 17/32 " Novembre

" 16 9/16 " Janvier

Marché steady

(Cours clôture d'hier soir à 6h. p.m. affichés par l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises à la Bourse Khédiviale.)

Tal. 21 21/32 Livraison Mai

" 22 13/32 " Juillet

" 16 7/8 " Novembre

" 16 19/32 " Janvier

Marché quiet

Arrivages de ce jour, à Minet-el-Bassal : castrs 4,888

(Cours pratiqués ce jour à la Bourse Khédiviale à 12h.45 p.m.)

Tal. 21 5/8 Livraison Mai

" 22 3/8 " Juillet

" 16 27



The Subscription List will open on Wednesday, 25th April, 1906, and close on or before Thursday 26th April, at noon, at the Offices of the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd., at Alexandria and Cairo.

This Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

## Egypt and Levant Steamship COMPANY, LIMITED.

(To be incorporated under the Companies' Acts, 1863 to 1900.)

**Capital, £200,000**  
Divided into 199,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, and  
20,000 Deferred Shares of 1s. each.

The holders of the Ordinary Shares are entitled (1) to a fixed cumulative dividend at the rate of 5% per annum on the capital for the time being paid up or credited as paid up thereon respectively, and to 60% of the surplus profits which in each year it shall from time to time be determined to distribute remaining after paying or providing for the payment of the said fixed cumulative dividend; (2) to priority as to return of capital and payment off of arrears of dividend whether declared or not up to the commencement of the winding up.

The Deferred Shares confer on the holders thereof rateably and in proportion to the number of Deferred Shares held by them respectively the right to 4% of the surplus profits which in each year it shall from time to time be determined to distribute remaining after paying or providing for the payment of the said fixed cumulative dividend on the Ordinary Shares.

Of the above 199,000 Ordinary Shares, 60,000 are payable as part of the Purchase Money as mentioned herein, and 61,000 will be reserved for private subscription.

Subscriptions are invited from the public at par for 75,000 Ordinary Shares.

Payable 10% on Application, 15% on Allotment, 25% on the 15th June, 1906, and the balance, viz., 50%, on the 15th July, 1906.

Share Warrants to Bearer will be delivered free of stamp duty to Original Subscribers upon payment of their Shares in full, but no payment in anticipation will carry with it any right to dividend on the amount so paid in advance.

### Directors:

**IN EGYPT:**  
HENRY EDWARD BARKER, Esq., of Messrs. Barker & Co., Alexandria, Shipping Agents.  
PERCY WILLIAM CARVER, Esq., of Messrs. Carver & Co., Alexandria, Merchant.  
WILLIAM BENWELL REES, Esq., of Messrs. Rees & Co., Alexandria, Merchant.  
**IN LONDON:**  
HENRY LAMING, Esq., of Messrs. Alfred Laming & Co., 1, Leadenhall Street, E.C. Ship Owners and Agents.  
J. D. LANGDON, Esq., of Messrs. J. D. Langdon & Co., 1, Leadenhall Street, E.C. Ship Owners and Agents.  
**IN SMYRNA:**  
T. BOWEN REES, Esq., Managing Director T. Bowen Rees & Co., Limited.  
HENRY R. DE JONGH, Esq., Managing Director T. Bowen Rees & Co., Limited.

**IN ENGLAND:**  
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LTD., Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd., Alexandria and Cairo.  
IMPERIAL OTTOMAN BANK, LTD., Smyrna.

**Solicitors:**  
Messrs. FRITCHARD & SONS, 9, Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.  
**Legal Advisers in Egypt:**  
A. S. FRASER, Esq., Advocate, Alexandria.

**Auditors:**  
Messrs. RUSSELL, KERR & WYATT, Alexandria.

**Brokers:**  
COMPTON FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL D'EGYPTE, Alexandria.

**Secretary and London Offices:**  
JOHN WILLIAM STANHOPE, 1, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C.

**Managers:**  
T. BOWEN REES & CO., LTD., Smyrna.

**Agents in Alexandria:**  
Messrs. BARKER & CO.

### PROSPECTUS.

This Company has been formed for the purpose specified in the Memorandum of Association and in particular (1) to take over and acquire the good-will and business of the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., together with the existing fleet of steamers of the Company, consisting of four steamers of large carrying capacity. (2) To acquire and/or build new steamers or other vessels. (3) To continue and develop the trade which has been carried on for the last 14 years by the Talbot Steamship Company between Smyrna and other Levant ports, Egypt and the United Kingdom. (4) Generally to carry on the business of ship-owners in all its branches in the same or other parts of the world.

It is considered by the Directors of this company that the present is a favourable moment for extending the shipping business already developed by the Talbot Steamship Company, more particularly as there is every probability of there being favourable opportunity of acquiring new tonnage at low cost. The Talbot Steamship Company has always enjoyed a high reputation in the Levant and has financially stood on a sound basis; like other shipping concerns, its profits have been affected at times by depression in freights, but bad and good years taken together the average net earnings over the whole period of its existence have been very satisfactory, in spite of heavy management charges, which, under the new arrangement, will be considerably reduced.

The volume of trade has so increased that additions to the fleet are absolutely necessary. The shares of the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., are held in very few hands, and instead of further increasing its capital it has been determined to make over its present business and steamers to this company.

It is proposed to build, or, if a favourable opportunity offers, buy at once four new steamers, which, fitted with all the latest appliances, would be run on the most economical lines as to coal consumption, cost of working, etc.

It is confidently expected that with an increased fleet and facilities the new Company will at once take quite a leading position in the Levant as shipowners and command a steadily increasing clientele amongst shippers.

The four steamers and their tackle, apparel, etc., to be taken over from the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., have been valued by the well-known steamship valuers Messrs. Kellock & Co., of London, as follows:—

S.S. Antonio, £28,500; S.S. Wingrove, £19,000; S.S. Cabral, £16,000; S.S. Hubbard, £12,000; or a total of £75,500.

The value of the goodwill of the business of the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., has been fixed at £5,000 by that Company.

The Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., whose registered offices are at 4, St. Mary Axe, London, E.C., has agreed to sell to Mr. J. D. Langdon, as a Trustee on behalf of the new Company, the whole of its fleet and the goodwill of its business at these prices, viz. £75,500 for the steamers and £10,000 for the goodwill, or a total of £85,500.

This price will be paid: £60,000 in fully paid Ordinary Shares of the Company and the balance in cash.

The business of the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., will be taken over as a going concern from the 1st May, 1906, and the Company will take all profits after that date.

The following contracts have been entered into:—

a Agreement dated the 12th April, 1906. Between the Talbot Steamship Company, Limited of one part and J.D. Langdon as trustee on behalf of the new Company of the other part providing for the sale of the above mentioned steamers and goodwill of the business at the above prices.

b Agreement dated the 12th April, 1906. Between the new Company of the one part and T. Bowen Rees and Company, Limited, of the other part whereby T. Bowen Rees and Company, Limited, are appointed the Managers of this Company at the following remuneration: (1) an allowance out of the annual profits of £20 per annum towards offices and clerks' salaries upon each steamer owned or managed by the Company; (2) in every year in which the profits of the Company shall amount to 10 percent, or less upon the share capital for the time being paid up, an additional remuneration equal to 10 per cent. on such net profits; (3) in every year in which such profits shall exceed such 10 per cent., a remuneration equal to 15 per cent. on such net profit, but in this event the Managers receive no remuneration under (2). The term "profits" means the earnings of the steamers or other income of the Company after charging steamers' working expenses, debenture interest, and interest on loans. The Managers are also entitled to charge the usual brokerage or commission, and agency fees when they act as loading or consignment brokers the customary brokerage on premiums of insurance, and the usual commission of 1 per cent. for collecting and adjusting insurance claims.

(c) A Contract dated the 12th day of April, 1906, and made between James Davee Langdon, of Smyrna, Merchant, of the one part, and T. Bowen Rees, as a Trustee for and on behalf of this Company of the other part, whereby in consideration of an option given to Mr. J. D. Langdon to apply for and to have allotted to him all the Deferred Shares in the Company for which he will pay in cash, the said J. D. Langdon agrees to subscribe or to procure subscriptions for the whole of the present issue.

Sub-underwriting contracts have been entered into by the said James Davee Langdon with various persons.

There are, in addition, contracts of an ordinary trade character which the Company will take over from the Talbot Steamship Company, Limited, as hereinbefore mentioned.

Except the shares issued to the Talbot Steamship Company, Ltd., no shares of this issue will be issued as fully or partly paid up otherwise than in cash.

Except as aforesaid no promotion money will be paid.

The preliminary expenses of and incidental to the formation of the Company, down to and including allotment, including registration fees and stamp duty, legal expenses, the cost of advertising and issuing this prospectus, but excluding stamp duty on share warrants and registration fees on transfer of the steamers, will be paid by the Company, and are estimated at £3,000.

The number of Shares fixed by the Articles of Association as the qualification of a Director is 500 Ordinary Shares.

The following Directors are interested in the promotion of the Company and to the following extents:—

Messrs. W. B. Rees, T. B. Rees and H. R. de Jongh are Shareholders in the Talbot Steamship Company Ltd. to the extent respectively of 100 shares, 152 shares and 40 shares of £100 each.

Mr. T. B. Rees owns almost the entirety of the share capital in T. Bowen Rees & Co., Ltd., the managers of the new company. Mr. H. R. de Jongh, as Manager of T. Bowen Rees and Company, Limited, is entitled to one-third of the net profits of that company.

Mr. H. E. Barker and Mr. T. Bowen Rees are interested as members of their respective company and firm as agents of the new Company in Smyrna and Alexandria and will be entitled to charge the usual brokerage or commission fees as loading or consignment brokers or agents.

Mr. Henry Laming, as sole partner in the firm of Alfred Laming and Company, who, it is proposed, will act as agents in London of the Company, will be entitled to the remuneration, not yet fixed, to be received by such agents from the Company.

Any Director who may sub-underwrite any shares of this issue will receive as the nominee of Mr. J. D. Langdon an allotment of deferred shares for which he will pay.

The provisions of the Articles of Association with regard to the remuneration of the Directors are as follows:—

"As remuneration for their services each of the Directors (other than the *ex officio* Directors, who being the Managers shall receive no remuneration for acting as Directors) shall be paid out of the funds of the Company in each year a sum calculated at the rate of £100 for each steamer owned by the Company; this remuneration will be equally divided between the Directors, unless they shall otherwise determine. The Company in

General Meeting shall have power from time to time to vary or alter such remuneration of the Directors in such manner as it shall think fit. If any Director, not being an *ex officio* Director, shall be called upon to perform extra services or to make any special exertions for the purposes of the Company, the Company shall remunerate the Director so doing, either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits, or otherwise as may be determined by the Directors, and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution of his remuneration, as provided in the last preceding article."

Application for shares should be made on the accompanying form and forwarded with cheque for the amount payable on application to the Company's Bankers, the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Ltd., at Alexandria and Cairo. If no allotment is made the application money will be returned in full and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for the surplus will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment and any excess will be returned to the applicant.

Failure to pay any instalment of shares, when due, will render previous payments liable to be forfeited.

The minimum subscription upon which the Directors may proceed to allotment has been fixed by the Articles of Association at 10 per cent. of the shares offered. The whole of the present issue of shares has, however, as stated above, been underwritten.

A copy of the Memorandum of Association which forms part of this prospectus is endorsed hereon.

A brokerage of 3d. per share will be paid to Bankers and Brokers on all shares applied for and allotted to the public on forms of application which bear their stamps.

The valuation of Messrs. Kellock & Co., and the above-mentioned contracts or copies of these documents, together with a print of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association may be inspected at the offices of the Comptoir Financier et Commercial d'Egypte and of the Legal Adviser to the Company at Alexandria.

Copies of this prospectus and application forms can be obtained at the same offices and at the offices of the Bankers of the Company at Cairo and Alexandria.

Dated Alexandria, 21st April, 1906.

27770-3-3

Egyptian Constructions, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors of the Egyptian Constructions, Limited, have this day resolved that a Call of Five Shillings per share be made upon the partly paid shares of the Company, payable on or before the 3rd day of May 1906.

Share Certificates, together with the amount due, viz.:—5s. per share, must be presented to the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, Cairo or Alexandria, within the time above-mentioned.

By Order of the Board,  
A. P. PHILLIPS,  
Secretary.

April 18th, 1906. 27772-3-3

The Upper Egypt Hotels Company.

MM. les actionnaires sont informés que le dernier versement de £1 par action est payable le premier mai 1906. Les paiements doivent être effectués à la National Bank of Egypt, qui délivrera un reçu. Ce reçu doit être présenté avec le Certificat Provisoire aux bureaux de MM. Russell Kerr & Wyatt pour l'enregistrement du montant.

A partir de la même date les Certificats Provisaires peuvent être échangés contre titres au porteur aux mêmes bureaux. 27773-3A-2

The Upper Egypt Hotels Company.

Il est porté à la connaissance des obligataires que le coupon No. 1, échéant le 1er mai 1906, des obligations 5% de l'Upper Egypt Hotels Co. sera payé aux guichets de la National Bank of Egypt à partir du 1er mai 1906. 27774-3A-2

AVIS

POUR CAUSE DE LIQUIDATION

Lundi 30 avril 1906 à 9 heures du matin et jours suivants, il sera procédé par l'entremise de Monsieur L. Della Torre, Commissaire-Priseur, à la Vente aux Enchères Publiques du Mobilier garnissant l'Hôtel du Nil, consistant notamment en Portes Manteaux d'Entrée, garnitures de Salons, garnitures de Chambres à Coucher, garnitures de Salles à Manger, Lits anglais complets, Tapis persans et européens, Meubles arabesques, glaces, Verrerie, Cristallerie, Argenterie, Christofle, Métal blanc, Lingerie, Conventures, Piano, Billard, Batteries de cuisine en Cuivre et en fer émaillé, etc. etc.

La vente aura lieu dans l'Hôtel du Nil, situé Chareh Moussy.

L'acheteur devra payer au comptant plus le 5% pour droit de crie soit aux Enchères Publiques ou à l'amiable et retirer immédiatement les objets adjugés.

L. DELLA TORRE,  
Le Commissaire-Priseur, Expert assermenté auprès des Tribunaux, de l'Armée d'Occupation et du gouvernement Égyptien.

On pourra visiter les dits Meubles, les jours de Vendredi, Samedi et Dimanche les 27, 28 et 29 avril 1906, de 9 heures du matin à midi et de 3 à 6 heures de l'après-midi. 27745-8-3

## Municipalité d'Alexandrie.

### AVIS CONCERNANT LES RATS.

Cette époque de l'année coïncidant avec la réapparition de la peste, les autorités sanitaires ont le devoir de rappeler le rôle prépondérant que jouent les rats dans la propagation de cette épidémie.

Elles engagent les habitants de la Ville et principalement les personnes qui sont particulièrement exposées au contact des rats (telles que bakals, marchands d'huile, de farine, de savon, propriétaires d'écuries, etc.) à faire usage des ratiers et des boulettes empoisonnées que la Municipalité met gratuitement à leur disposition.

Les autorités sanitaires accordent une prime de P.T. 20 pour tout rat qui aura été reconnu atteint, ou seulement suspect de peste. Toutes les fois qu'on voudra faire parvenir un rat, des rats au laboratoire, on s'abstiendra de les y apporter soi-même, mais on les mettra, en les prenant si possible avec des pinces, dans un sac, et l'on prévendra la Municipalité ou l'Hôpital du Gouvernement.

L'Administrateur  
(Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.  
Alexandrie, le 21 Avril 1906. 27769-3-2

### AVIS IMPORTANT

Le public est prévenu que l'autorisation préalable de la Municipalité est nécessaire pour l'érection de toute baraque ou construction légère en bois, sans celles destinées à l'usage privé des propriétaires.

Toute personne qui ne se conformerait pas à cette prescription du règlement s'expose à élever des constructions qui ne répondent pas aux conditions du règlement en vigueur et pour lesquelles l'Administration refusera l'autorisation de l'exploitation.

Alexandrie le 21 Avril 1906.

L'Administrateur,  
(Signé) W. P. CHATAWAY.

27783-3-2

Société Internationale des Employés

D'ALEXANDRIE.

SIÈGE SOCIAL RUE MOSQUÉE ATTARINE No. 21

BUREAU DE PLACEMENT

OFFRES

Une maison de la ville demande un employé comme caissier ou encaisseur, offrant de bonnes références et une garantie de 1000 £.

Un homme sérieux connaissant les langues du pays demande une place de comptable; très bonnes références.

Une maison de Nouveautés (importante) demande un employé pour la vente.

Un comptable connaissant le français et l'allemand cherche un emploi.

Une maison de nouveautés du Caire demande deux demoiselles employées.

Une maison de vente demande un jeune employé, ayant un an de commerce.

Un comptable pouvant tenir la comptabilité en français et en arabe cherche un emploi.

Un employé disposant de deux heures par jour, demande à tenir une petite comptabilité.

Une grande maison de modes, demande une demoiselle connaissant bien la vente.

Un employé demande un emploi dans une maison de confection.

Young Gentleman knowing English, French, Arabic, Book-keeping in English and Arabic Typewriting, well experienced in commercial affairs, requires a suitable situation. Highest reference.

Un jeune homme sérieux connaissant bien l'Arabe, l'Italien et le Français, demande une place dans un bureau ou maison de commerce.

Un jeune homme de 30 ans connaissant le Grec, le Turc, l'Italien et le Français demande une place dans un bureau.

Un comptable sérieux, connaissant la comptabilité en français, en armenien et en turc, demande un emploi; de sérieuses références sont offertes et un bon salaire est garanti.

Un jeune homme de 23 ans, connaissant les langues du pays, cherche une place d'encaisseur ou de magasinier.

De plus: un jeune homme parlant et écrivant l'arabe, le français, l'italien et le turc, connaissant la comptabilité et la correspondance, demande un emploi.

N.B.—Pour tous renseignements s'adresser au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Mosquée Attarine No. 21.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert les Lundi, Mercredi et Vendredi de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

Les personnes qui font des offres ou des demandes sont priées de joindre un timbre à leur lettre, sinon il ne leur sera fait aucune réponse.

SEMOULERIE PERFECTIONNEE

"LE LYS"

J'ai l'honneur d'informer le public et plus spécialement ma respectable clientèle que, tout en gardant mon moulin à farines de Taouss (Turquie d'Asie), fondé en 1890, je viens d'installer à Alexandrie une semoulerie de tout dernier modèle fonctionnant d'après les systèmes perfectionnés les plus récents de France et de Suisse. Grâce à ma longue expérience dans ce genre d'industrie, ainsi qu'aux moyens exceptionnels dont je dispose pour m'approprier en blé de tout premier choix en Syrie, dans le Levant et en Russie, j'espère pouvoir donner pleine et entière satisfaction sous tous les rapports.

Dans l'espoir que vous voudrez bien me conserver votre pratique et faire l'essai du produit de ma nouvelle usine, Agré, etc.

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Mon bureau se trouve à côté de la Poste de Ras-el-Tin.—Téléphone No 17-68—et la fabrique dans le même quartier, Rue Gouda.

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